AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

Please replace paragraphs [0024], [0027] and [0032] with the following amended paragraphs:

**[0024]** A brake mounting portion (member) 11 is disposed on the left side of case body 12. Brake mounting portion 11 comprises, for example, a ring-shaped projecting portion 11a for centering and mounting a brake disk 55a of a disk brake device 55; a mounting surface 11b facing projecting portion 11a; and six circumferentially spaced screw holes 11c formed in mounting face 11b for mounting brake disk 55a by means of bolts 56. A cover ~~19b~~ 19a is detachably mounted to the inner peripheral surface of brake mounting portion 11 for covering the gap with the hub spindle 5. Cover ~~19b~~ 19a may be fabricated from synthetic resin, for example.

**[0027]** ~~freewheel~~ Freewheel 10 has a cylindrical base member 41 nonrotatably linked to the inner peripheral side face of cover member 13; a cylindrical gear attachment member 42 rotatably mounted on base member 41; and a one-way clutch 43 disposed between base member 41 and gear attachment member 42. The head of a cylindrical linking bolt 44 is screwed into the inner peripheral surface of inner cylindrical portion 13b of cover member 13 for axially retaining base member 41 to cover member 13. Inner cylindrical portion 13b of cover member 13 and base member 41 are nonrotatably linked by means of a linking member 45 disposed between the two at the outer periphery of linking bolt 44. More specifically, splines formed on the outer peripheral surface of linking member 45 engage with splines formed on the inner peripheral surface of inner cylindrical portion 13b and with splines formed on the left side inner peripheral surface of base member 41. Cup 15a of bearing 8, which also serves as a bearing cone for supporting gear attachment portion 42, is screwed onto the right outer peripheral surface of base member 41. Freewheel 10 and cover member 13 may be removed as a unit, thus facilitating maintenance of the generating mechanism 9.

**[0032]** Coil 20 is wound around a bobbin 25 as shown in Figs. 4(A) and 5(A). Bobbin 25 has a tubular barrel 26, a first flange 27, and a second flange 28. First flange 27 and second flange ~~27~~ 28 are formed at opposite axial ends of barrel 26, and coil 20 is wound around tubular barrel 26. As shown in Figs. 4(B) and 5(B), grooves 27a and 28a are formed on the side surfaces of the first and second flanges 27 and 28, respectively, wherein grooves 27a and 28a extend in essentially a radial

direction. These grooves 27a and 28a are formed such that, when viewed along the axial direction: (i) radially outer portions 27d and 28d of grooves 27a and 28a, respectively, are offset relative to each other, i.e., a radially outer portion 28d of a groove 28a of the second flange 28 is positioned between adjacent two radially outer portions 27d of grooves 27a of the first flange 27, (ii) the radially intermediate portions 27e and 28e of grooves 27a and 28a, respectively, partially overlap each other, and (iii), the radially inner portions 27f and 28f of grooves 27a and 28a, respectively, overlap virtually completely with each other. The radially outer portion 27d and 28d of each groove 27a and 28a is cut out to form a notch 27b or 28b, respectively. Furthermore, as shown in Figs. 4(A), 5(A) and 6, a plurality of indentations 27c and 28c that have a prescribed length and run from the interior side toward the exterior side along the axial direction are formed in the parts of the outer circumferential surfaces of the flanges 27 and 28 in which no groove 27a or 28a is formed. In Fig. 6, some of the yoke arms are omitted in order to facilitate the description.